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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/510,549	04/29/2005	Yoshimi Asai	0717-0533PUS1	7171
2292 7590 01/10/2007 BIRCH STEWART KOLASCH & BIRCH PO BOX 747			EXAMINER	
			CUNNINGHAM, GREGORY F	
FALLS CHURCH, VA 22040-0747			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
•		·	2628	
SHORTENED STATUTOR	RY PERIOD OF RESPONSE	NOTIFICATION DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
3 MONTHS		01/10/2007	ELECTRONIC	

### Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire 6 MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.

Notice of this Office communication was sent electronically on the above-indicated "Notification Date" and has a shortened statutory period for reply of 3 MONTHS from 01/10/2007.

Notice of the Office communication was sent electronically on above-indicated "Notification Date" to the following e-mail address(es):

mailroom@bskb.com

I I						
10/510,549 ASAI ET AL.						
Office Action Summary Examiner Art Unit						
Greg F. Cunningham 2628						
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply	••					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DA WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).						
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 29 April 2005.						
This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) This action is non-final.						
☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is						
closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims						
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-20</u> is/are pending in the application.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-16,19 and 20</u> is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>17 and 18</u> is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.						
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.						
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>29 April 2005</u> is/are: a)⊠ accepted or b)  objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.1						
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12)⊠ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).						
a)⊠ All b)□ Some * c)□ None of:						
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage	<b>;</b>					
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).						
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
Attachment(s)  1) Mindian of Potagonese Cited (RTO 803)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)  Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)  Paper No(s)/Mail Date						
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)  5) Notice of Informal Patent Application						
Paper No(s)/Mail Date 10-8:04  6) Other: See Continuation Sheet.	_					

Continuation of Attachment(s) 6). Other: Reason for allowable subject matter.

#### **DETAILED ACTION**

- 1. This action is responsive to communications of application received 4/29/2005.
- 2. The disposition of the claims is as follows: claims 1 20 are pending in the application. Claims 1 and 15 are independent claims.
- 3. The group and/or Art Unit location of your application has changed. To aid in the correlation of any papers for this application, all further correspondence should be directed to Group Art Unit 2628 (effective 12/06). Please be sure to use the most current art unit number on all correspondence to help us route your case and respond to you in a timely fashion.
- 4. When making claim amendments, the applicant is encouraged to consider the references in their entireties, including those portions that have not been cited by the examiner and their equivalents as they may most broadly and appropriately apply to any particular anticipated claim amendments.

#### **Drawings**

5. Figures 13 - 24 should be designated by a legend such as --Prior Art-- because only that which is old is illustrated. See MPEP § 608.02(g). Corrected drawings in compliance with 37 CFR 1.121(d) are required in reply to the Office action to avoid abandonment of the application. The replacement sheet(s) should be labeled "Replacement Sheet" in the page header (as per 37 CFR 1.84(c)) so as not to obstruct any portion of the drawing figures. If the changes are not accepted by the examiner, the applicant will be notified and informed of any required corrective action in the next Office action. The objection to the drawings will not be held in abeyance.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 101

6. 35 U.S.C. 101 reads as follows:

Whoever invents or discovers any new and useful process, machine, manufacture, or composition of matter, or any new and useful improvement thereof, may obtain a patent therefor, subject to the conditions and requirements of this title.

- 7. Claims 17 and 18 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 101 because the claimed invention is directed to non-statutory subject matter.
- A. Claims 17 and 18 correspond to nothing more than functional descriptive material without tangible and concrete physical results. See Interim Guidelines for Examination of Patent Applications for Patent Subject Matter Eligibility, pages 51-54.

Data structures not claimed as embodied in computer-readable media are descriptive material per se and are not statutory because they are not capable of causing functional change in the computer. See, e.g., Warmerdam, 33 F.3d at 1361, 31 USPQ2d at 1760 (claim to a data structure per se held nonstatutory). Such claimed data structures do not define any structural and functional interrelationships between the data structure and other claimed aspects of the invention which permit the data structure's functionality to be realized. In contrast, a claimed computer-readable medium encoded with a data structure defines structural and functional interrelationships between the data structure and the computer software and hardware components which permit the data structure's functionality to be realized, and is thus statutory.

Similarly, computer programs claimed as computer listings per se, i.e., the descriptions or expressions of the programs, are not physical "things." They are neither computer components nor statutory processes, as they are not "acts" being performed. Such claimed computer programs do not define any structural and functional interrelationships between the computer program and other claimed elements of a computer which permit the computer program's

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functionality to be realized. In contrast, a claimed computer-readable medium encoded with a computer program is a computer element which defines structural and functional interrelationships between the computer program and the rest of the computer which permit the computer program's functionality to be realized, and is thus statutory. See Lowry, 32 F.3d at 1583-84, 32 USPQ2d at 1035. Accordingly, it is important to distinguish claims that define descriptive material per se from claims that define statutory inventions.

Computer programs are often recited as part of a claim. USPTO personnel should determine whether the computer program is being claimed as part of an otherwise statutory manufacture or machine. In such a case, the claim remains statutory irrespective of the fact that a computer program is included in the claim. The same result occurs when a computer program is used in a computerized process where the computer executes the instructions set forth in the computer program. Only when the claimed invention taken as a whole is directed to a mere program listing, i.e., to only its description or expression, is it descriptive material per se and hence nonstatutory. Since a computer program is merely a set of instructions capable of being executed by a computer, the computer program itself is not a process and USPTO personnel should treat a claim for a computer program, without the computer-readable medium needed to realize the computer program's functionality, as nonstatutory functional descriptive material. When a computer program is claimed in a process where the computer is executing the computer program's instructions, USPTO personnel should treat the claim as a process claim. See paragraph IV.B.2(b), below. When a computer program is recited in conjunction with a physical structure, such as a computer memory, USPTO personnel should treat the claim as a product claim. See paragraph IV.B.2(a), below.

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## (b) Nonfunctional Descriptive Material

Nonfunctional descriptive material that does not constitute a statutory process, machine, manufacture or composition of matter and should be rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 101. Certain types of descriptive material, such as music, literature, art, photographs and mere arrangements or compilations of facts or data, without any functional interrelationship is not a process, machine, manufacture or composition of matter. USPTO personnel should be prudent in applying the foregoing guidance. Nonfunctional descriptive material may be claimed in combination with other functional descriptive multi-media material on a computer-readable medium to provide the necessary functional and structural interrelationship to satisfy the requirements of 35 U.S.C. § 101. The presence of the claimed nonfunctional descriptive material is not necessarily determinative of nonstatutory subject matter. For example, a computer that recognizes a particular grouping of musical notes read from memory and upon recognizing that particular sequence, causes another defined series of notes to be played, defines a functional interrelationship among that data and the computing processes performed when utilizing that data, and as such is statutory because it implements a statutory process. (Examiner's Note: Recommend, "A computer-readable medium encoded with a computer program having instructions for performing the method of claim 13, (23), (34)", employing claim number appropriately.)

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#### Allowable Subject Matter

- 8. Claims 1-16, 19 and 20 are allowed.
- 9. The following is a statement of reasons for the indication of allowable subject matter:

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Applicant's independent claims 1 and 15 stand novel over the related prior art. For instance, the related art of Koyama et al. (U.S. 6,542,161 B1), hereinafter Koyama, does make use of scaled skeleton data that would never extend over a grid, unlike the case of a scaling operation from an outline font. A basic portion of the character is defined based on the scaled skeleton data. The color element level of each sub-pixel corresponding to the basic portion of the character is set to the maximum color element level (in this example, level 7). Thus, according to the generation of a character pattern based on a skeleton data, the character pattern necessarily includes a portion which is set to the maximum color element level. As a result, it is possible to clearly display the character.

However, Koyama does not disclose a control portion shifting section capable of controlling shift of a center of the skeleton portion toward a center of the frame in a predetermined direction on the display screen as claimed in independent claim 1. Nor does Koyama disclose shifting the skeleton portion of the symbol information in a subpixel arrangement direction within the frame on a subpixel-by-subpixel basis; and assigning a predetermined color factor level to a subpixel corresponding to the skeleton portion of the symbol information, and assigning at least one color factor level stepwise lower than the predetermined color factor level of the subpixel corresponding to the skeleton portion to at least one neighboring subpixel outside the skeleton portion as disclosed in independent claim 15.

Claims 2-14 and 16 depend from allowable independent claims 1 and 15, respectively, and therefore are also allowed.

Claims 19 and 20 act as independent claims for claims 1 and 2, respectively, and are directed to an apparatus, respectively, for the display apparatus of independent claim 1 and

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dependent claim 2, and therefore are allowable according to independent claim 1 and dependent

claim 2.

Responses

10. Responses to this action should be mailed to: Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks,

Washington, D.C. 20231.

Inquiries

11. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to Gregory F. Cunningham whose telephone number is (571) 272-

7784.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, Kee Tung can be reached on (571) 272-7794. The Central FAX Number for the

organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent

Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications

may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished

applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR

system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR

system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Gregory F. Cunningham Examiner, Art Unit 2628

J.F. Cuming ham

1/3/2007

gfc

KEE M. TUNG

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SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER